

Goshen Common Council

10 a.m., August 9, 2024 WORK SESSION about City roadway conditions Goshen Chamber of Commerce, 232 S. Main Street, Goshen, IN

Common Council:

Linda Gerber (At-Large) Phil Lederach (District 5) Doug Nisley (District 2)

Megan Peel (District 4) Donald Riegsecker (District 1) Matt Schrock (District 3)

Council President Brett Weddell (At-Large)

Purpose: Presentation and discussion of roadway condition and PASER scores, transportation network funding concerns and potential future funding possibilities.

- 1) Welcome by Mayor Leichty and Goshen Engineering Team introductions
- 2) PASER Dashboard
- 3) Transportation Funding Presentation
 - a. PASER
 - i. What is it?
 - ii. Survey results
 - iii. Projected PASER scores
 - b. Data Science
 - i. Roadway analysis
 - ii. Additional considerations
 - c. Roadway Funding
 - i. Current funding sources
 - ii. Funding expenditures
 - iii. Funding needs
 - d. Holistic Approach
 - i. Signs
 - ii. Sidewalks
 - iii. Pavement markings and curb ramps
 - e. Redevelopment Case Study 10th Street
 - f. Utility Emergency Case Study Denver Street
 - g. Closing Thoughts
 - i. Meeting our needs
 - ii. What we need
 - iii. Discussion topics
 - iv. Additional revenue options

4) Open Discussion/Q&A

Adjournment

Transportation Funding Work Session

City of Goshen



What is PASER?

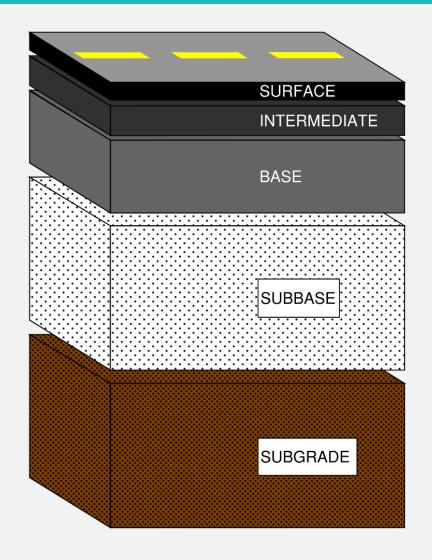
- PAvement Surface Evaluation Rating
- Roadways are divided into segments
 - In urban areas, typically from intersection to intersection
- Roadway segments are given a score of 1 10
 - 10 being used to score a brand-new roadway segment
 - 1 being used to score a roadway segment that has completely failed
- Survey performed every Spring by Goshen Street Department

Purpose and Reporting Requirements

- Why do we rate roadways?
 - Inventory roadway condition
 - Prioritize roadway treatments and reconstruction projects
 - Provides crucial data for a local Pavement Asset Management Plan (PAMP)
 - PAMPs are required by the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT) to be eligible for Federal highway funding for local roadway projects
 - INDOT adopted PASER as standard pavement rating system

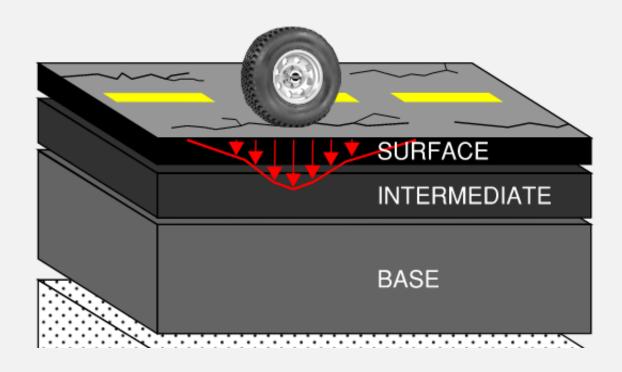
Asphalt Pavement Basics

- HMA Pavement Layers
 - Surface (Wearing) Layer
 - Intermediate (Binder) Layer
 - Base Layer
- Subbase (Aggregate)
 - Crushed stone or crushed concrete
- Subgrade
 - Compacted Soil



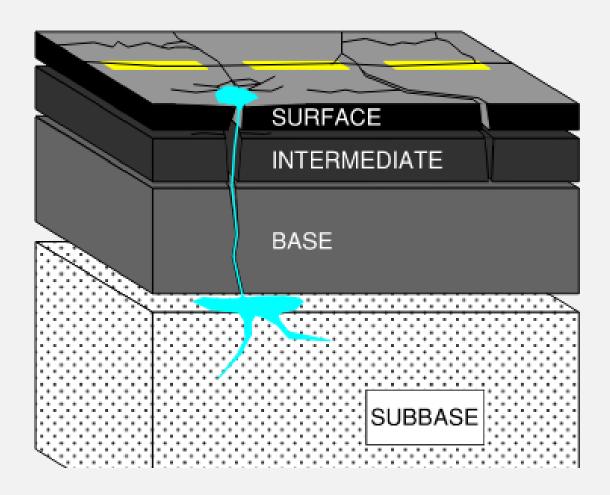
Asphalt Pavement Wear

- Environmental Aging
 - Natural elements degrade asphalt binder
 - Pavement loses "elasticity"
 - Cracks form more easily
- Traffic Loads
 - Repeated stresses from vehicles crack pavement

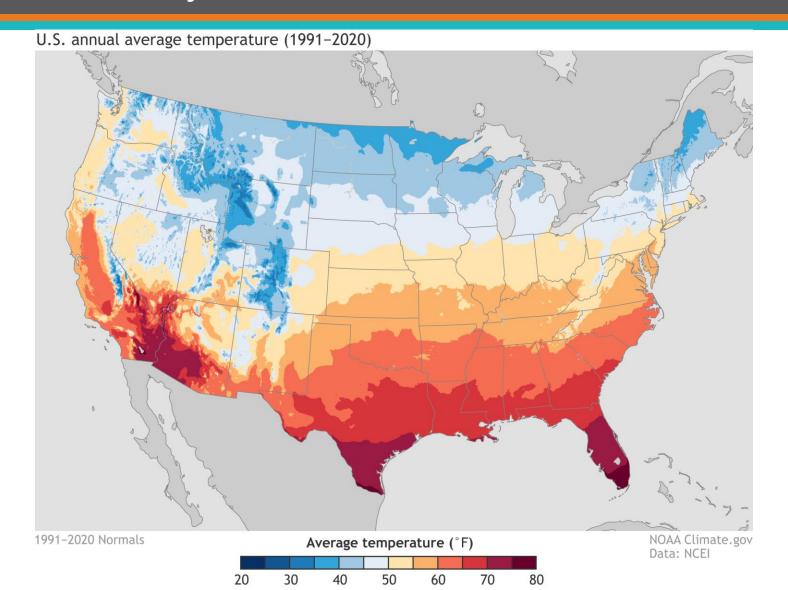


Asphalt Pavement Wear

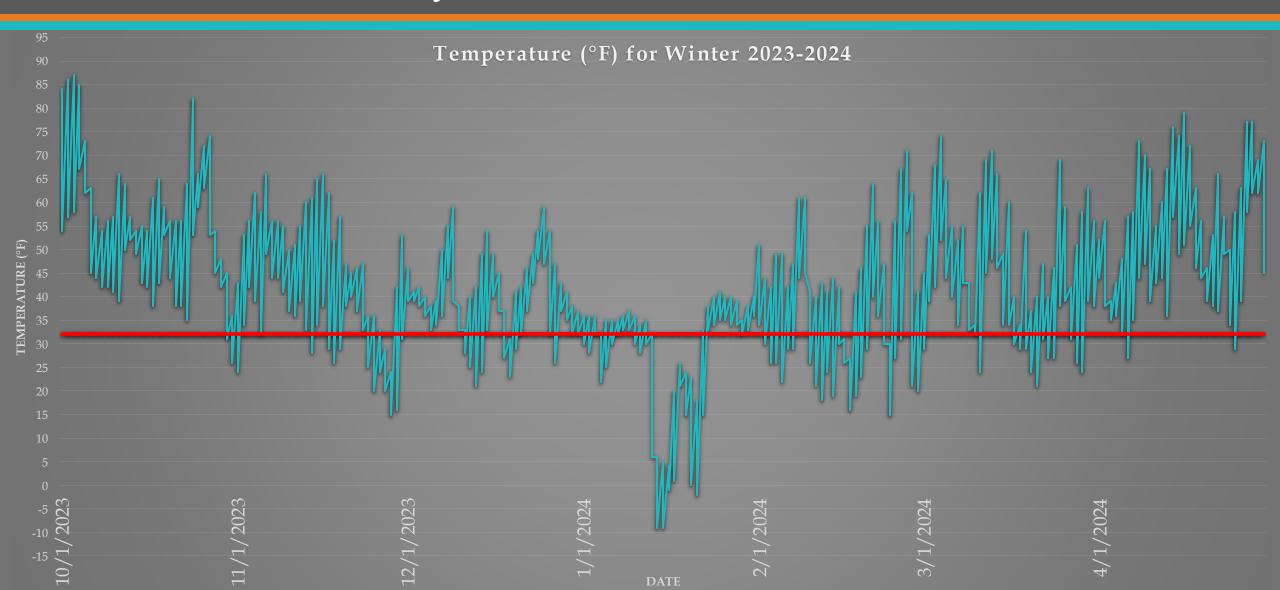
- Effects of Moisture
 - Cracks allow water into pavement structure
 - Freezing creates more cracks
 - Moisture softens and erodes subbase



Freeze-Thaw Cycle



Freeze-Thaw Cycle



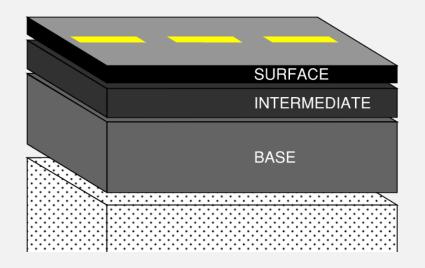
PASER Rating Process

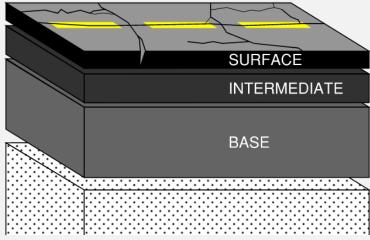
- Pavement Distress
 - o Cracks
 - Longitudinal, Transverse, Block, Wheel-path, Alligator
 - Crack Opening
 - o Rutting
 - o Raveling
 - o Patches
 - o Potholes
 - o Polishing, Bleeding
- Roadway Segment Rating based on Worst Distress

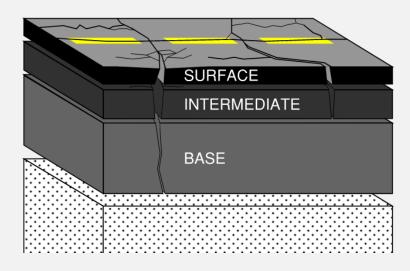


PASER Rating and Pavement Integrity

	Good Fair			Poor					
10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1







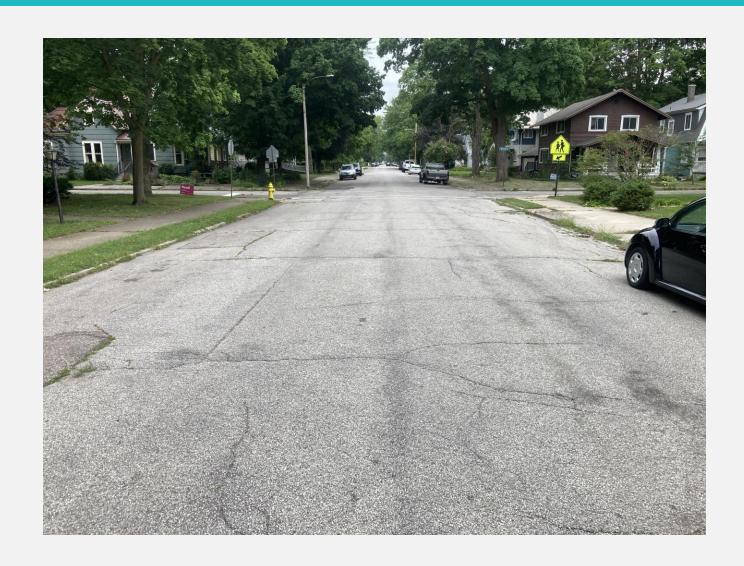
- PASER Rating = 9
 - o Like new condition
 - No defects



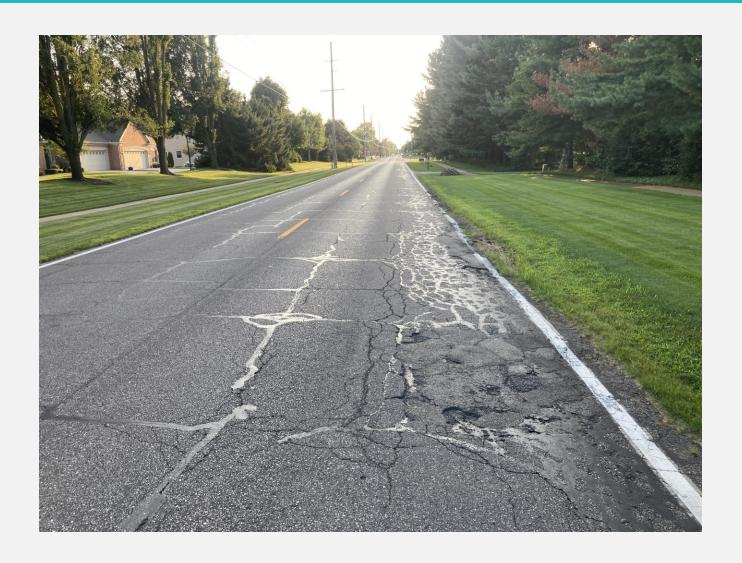
- PASER Rating = 6
 - o Cracks are tight (hairline) = 8
 - Longitudinal cracks at joints = 8
 - o Transverse cracks
 - Less than 10' apart = 6



- PASER Rating = 4
 - o Cracks are open, $\frac{1}{4}$ " $\frac{1}{2}$ " = 6
 - Longitudinal crack at joint = 8
 - Transverse cracks
 - Less than 10' apart = 6
 - o Block cracking
 - 1' 5' Blocks = 5
 - Wheel-path cracking = 4



- PASER Rating = 2
 - Worst Distresses:
 - Wheel-path cracking = 4
 - Potholes, occasional = 3
 - Alligator cracking
 - Greater than 25% = 2



• PASER Rating = 1

Worst Distresses:

- o Cracks
 - Close spacing and eroded = 2
- Potholes, frequent = 2
- Alligator cracking
 - Greater than 25% = 2
- Severe surface distress and HMA base is visible = 1

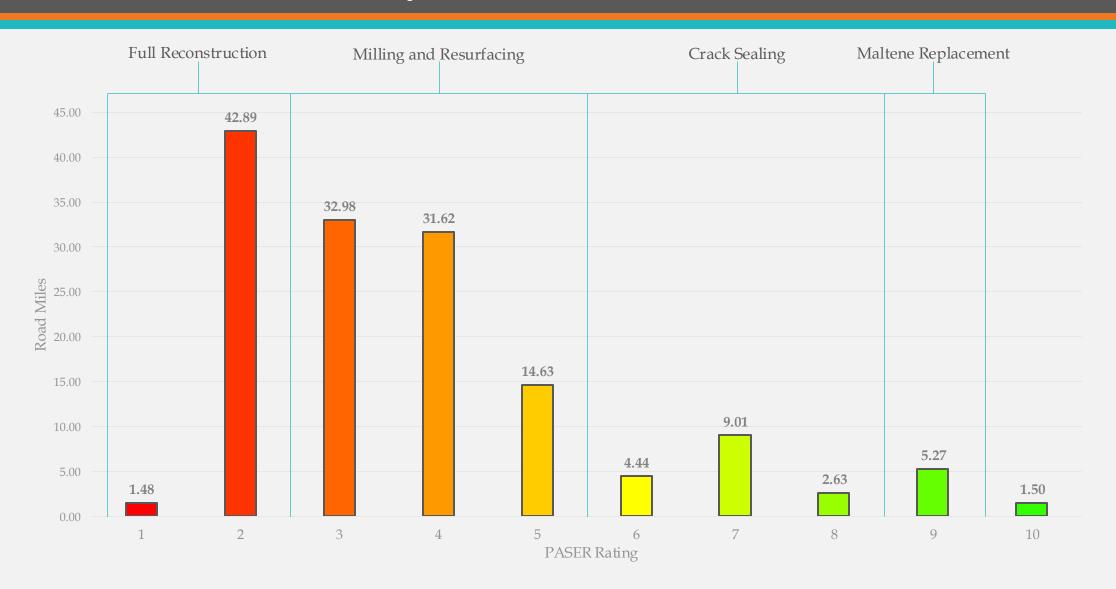


2024 PASER Survey Results

- 146.45 Total Miles of Roadway
 - Up from 146.04
- 3.90 Average PASER Score
 - Down from 4.26

Rating and Mileage Summary					
Rating	Road Miles	Percentage			
1	1.48	1.01%			
2	42.89	29.29%			
3	32.98	22.52%			
4	31.62	21.59%			
5	14.63	9.99%			
6	4.44	3.03%			
7	9.01	6.15%			
8	2.63	1.79%			
9	5.27	3.60%			
10	1.50	1.02%			

2024 PASER Survey Results



2024 PASER Survey Results – Classifications

Arterial - 4.35 Average PASER Score

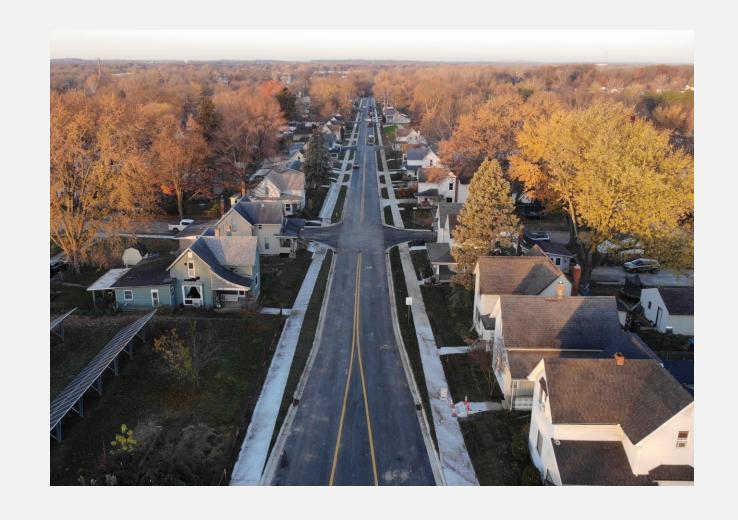
Minimum PASER Score goal of 6.0

Collector – 3.75 Average PASER Score

Minimum PASER Score goal of 6.0

Local – 3.88 Average PASER Score

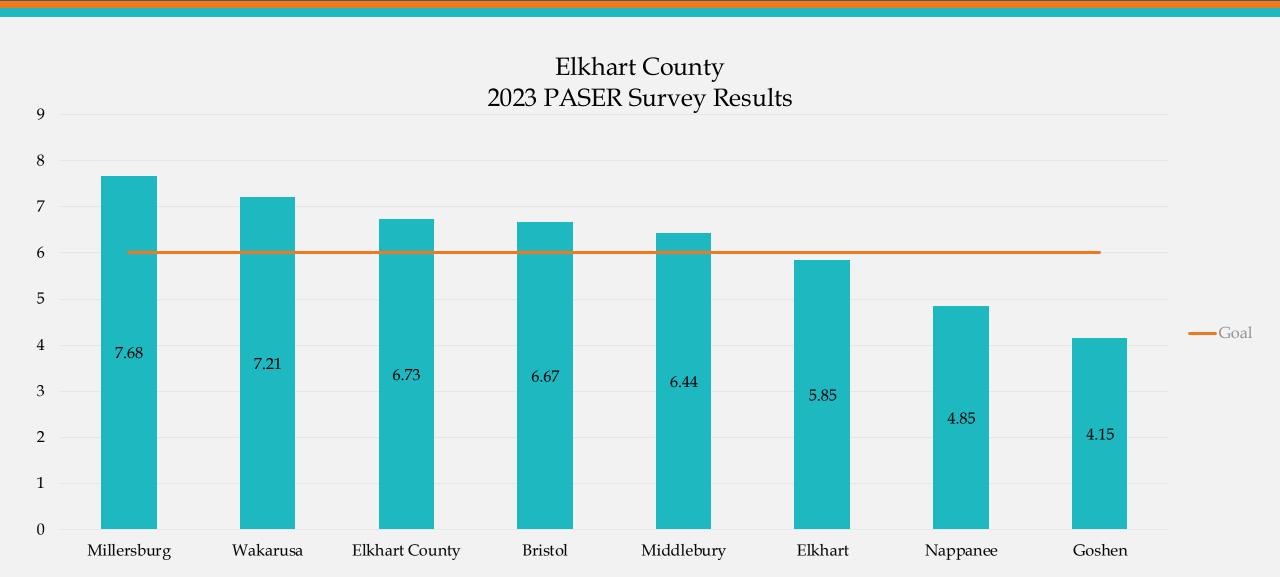
Minimum PASER Score goal of 4.0



2024 PASER Survey Results - Classifications



Elkhart County 2023 PASER Results (Lane Miles)



Projected PASER Scores

- 2024 Season
 - Construction will raise Goshen's PASER 0.19 to 4.09
 - Average Construction increase is 0.24
- Winter Season
 - Average decrease to Goshen's PASER score of 0.36
- · Losing more points over winter than gained through construction

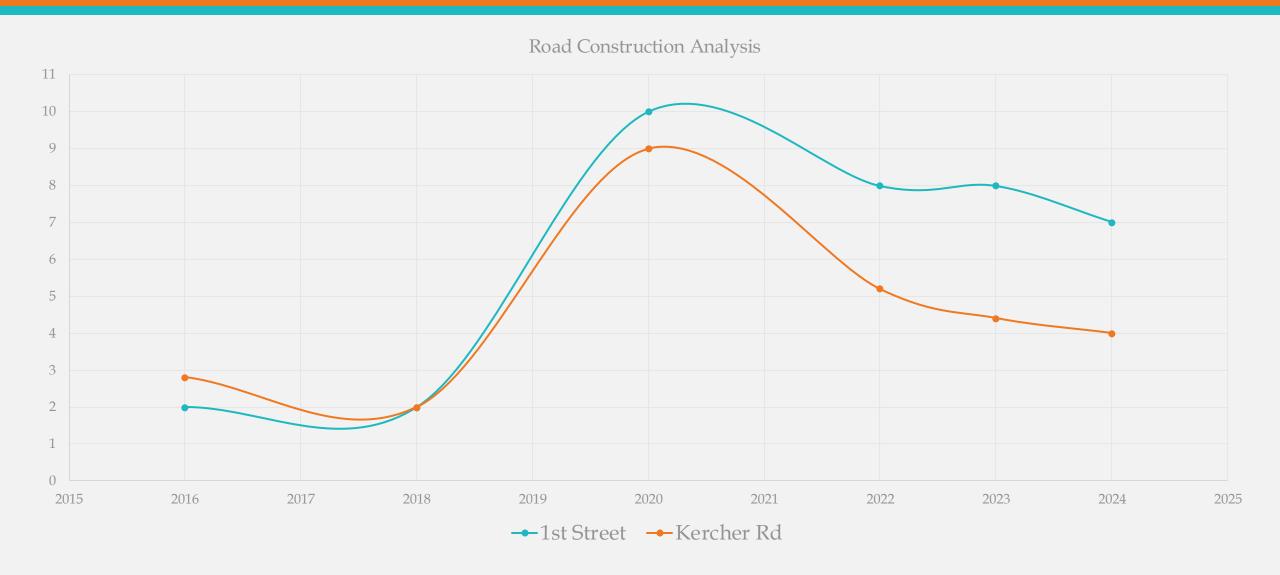
Projected PASER Scores



Data Science and Analysis

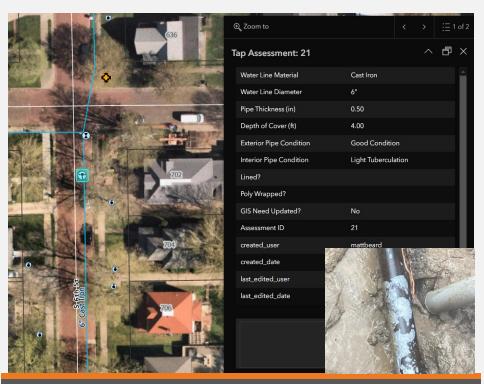
- Mapped out roadway degradations curves for all projects since 2014
- Correct treatments at the correct time have shown positive results
- Asphalt mix specifications have shown positive results
- Early intervention is cheaper than full replacement
- Evaluating treatment alternatives
- We have better data to plan for utility and drainage work minimizing premature excavation of new roadway

Data Science and Analysis



Utility Planning = Long Road Life





Water Break History, Field Assessments, and Modeling

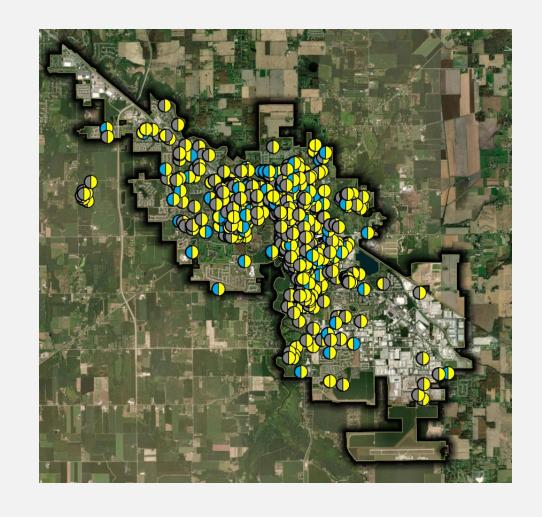
Solving Drainage = Long Road Life



Looking Ahead - Water Service Line Replacements

Material	Number of Lines	Must Replace?
Non-Lead	3,469	No
Galvanized Requiring Replacement	1,435	Yes (?)
Lead	0	Yes
Unknown	6,857	Part of Replacement Pool
Total	11,761	

Under proposed Lead/Copper rule, City would be required to eliminate all lead and galvanized requiring replacement lines within 10 years.



Transportation Funding

Fund	Max Available	Guaranteed vs. Awarded	Restrictions
Motor Vehicle Highway (local fees and taxes)	\$3,709,240.50	Guaranteed	Fuel tax deficiencies, fuel tax expires in 2028, covers salaries, equipment, materials, etc
Motor Vehicle Highway Restricted (local fees and taxes)	\$743,269.11	Guaranteed	Fuel tax deficiencies, fuel tax expires in 2028, covers salaries, equipment, materials, etc, 50% must be used for road maintenance
Local Roads and Streets (local fees and taxes)	\$641,477.74	Guaranteed	Fuel tax deficiencies, fuel tax expires in 2028, covers salaries, equipment, materials, etc
Civil City – EDIT	\$2,000,000.00	Requested	
Redevelopment (TIF)	variable	Requested	Can only reconstruct, location-specific, benefit to new development, expires in 2034
Civil City – Cum. Cap.	\$465,000.00 (2023)	Requested	
Community Crossings	Up to \$1.5 million annually	Awarded	Asset management plan approval, must provide financial match, not always awarded

Redevelopment

- Significant amount of roadway work contributions
 - Downtown Streetscape (Main St from Pike to Madison)
 - Waterford Mills Parkway
 - Eisenhower Drive Reconstruction
 - East College Development (Brinkley Way)
 - 10th Street
 - Lincoln and Steury
 - Consolidated Courts Roadway Improvements (Reliance and Peddlers)

Redevelopment

- Future roadway work contributions
 - Dierdorff Road
 - Eisenhower Drive
 - Century Drive
 - College Avenue
 - Southeast Goshen Industrial
 - Corrie Drive
 - Sourwood Drive
 - Firethorn Drive
 - Hackberry Drive
 - Linden Drive
 - Caragana Court
 - County Road 40

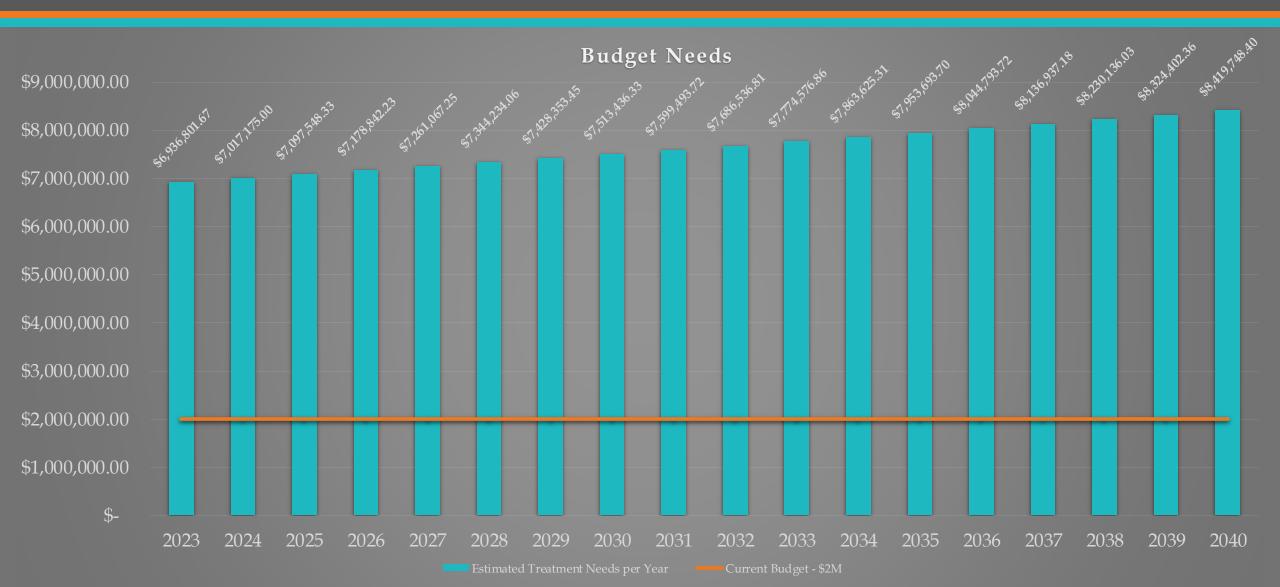
Prior Roadway Treatment Summary

Treatment	2019 Mileage	2020 Mileage	2021 Mileage	2022 Mileage	2023 Mileage	Total Miles	Costs
Crack Seal	9.5	18.37	8.46	4.54	12.25	53.12	\$ 531,200.00
Ciuckocai	7.5	10.07	0.10	1.01	12.20	33.12	Ψ 331,200.00
Maltene Replacement Treatment	-	-	-	-	4.31	4.31	\$ 101,986.50
Overlay - 1.5"	0.51	0.41	0.19	1.68	0.34	3.13	¢ 224.750.00
Overlay - 1.5	0.51	0.41	0.19	1.00	0.34	3.13	\$ 234,750.00
Mill and Resurface - 1.5"	1.1	0	0	3.3	0	4.4	\$ 1,320,000.00
100 100 100	4.04	0.50			1.0	40.46	A
Mill and Resurface - 2"	4.06	0.58	3.92	0	1.9	10.46	\$ 3,399,500.00
Mill and Resurface - 4"	0	0	0	0	0.56	0.56	\$ 224,000.00
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Reconstruction - Asphalt	2.22	0.45	3.53	1.02	1.4	8.62	\$ 6,465,000.00
Reconstruction - Concrete	_	0.7	0.4	0.67	_	1.77	\$ 1,539,900.00
Neconstruction - Concrete	-	0.7	0.4	0.07	-	1.//	Ψ 1,339,900.00
Total Miles	17.39	20.51	16.5	11.21	20.76	84.6	-
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Costs	\$ 3,447,750.00	\$1,349,450.00	\$ 4,368,350.00	\$ 1,926,400.00	\$ 2,141,486.50	-	\$13,816,336.50

Annual Budget Need Summary

Year	Estimated PASER Score	Treatment	Estimated Cost
2	9	MRT	\$ 2,750.00
4	8	Crack Seal	\$ 1,100.00
10	6	Crack Seal	\$ 1,100.00
13	4	Mill and Resurface	\$ 33,000.00
18	7	Crack Seal	\$ 1,100.00
21	6	Crack Seal	\$ 1,100.00
24	3	Mill and Resurface	\$ 33,000.00
27	6	Crack Seal	\$ 1,100.00
30	2	Reconstruction	\$ 82,500.00
	Segment cost per	\$ 156,750.00	
	Segment cost 1	\$ 5,225.00	
	Total number of	1343	
	Total budget need	\$ 7,017,175.00	

Annual Budget Need Summary



Projected PASER Scores



Projected PASER Scores



The Holistic Approach

Other infrastructure needs

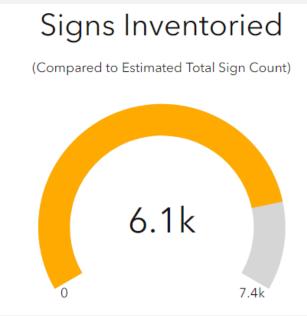
- Signs
- Sidewalks and Multi-Use Paths
- Curb Ramps
- Pavement Markings

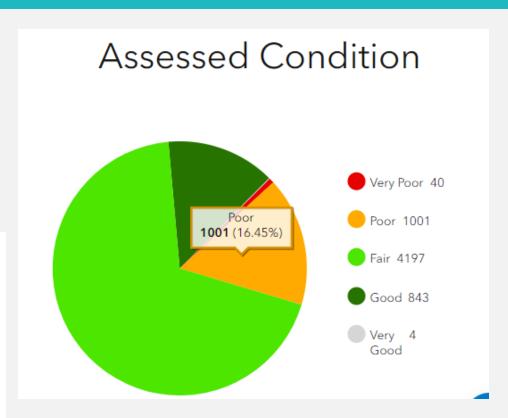


Street Signs

"Expected Sign Life Management Method"

- Replace signs every 7, 10, or 12 years depending on sign sheeting type
- Resolution of the Goshen BOW Establishing the Sign Maintenance Retroreflectivity
 Program (signed 8/33/2011)





Street Signs

City Owned Signs

Sign Type	Inventoried	Older than Expected Life	% Needing Replaced	Cost Estimate
Regulatory	2,746	2,106	77%	\$176,904
Warning	517	338	65%	\$28,140
Other	2,304	1,821	79%	\$152,964
Sign Total	5,567	4,265	76%	\$358,008
Poles		1,519		\$296,964
Regulatory, Warning, and Poles				\$502,008

^{***} Preliminary Numbers ONLY, Inventory is Ongoing ***



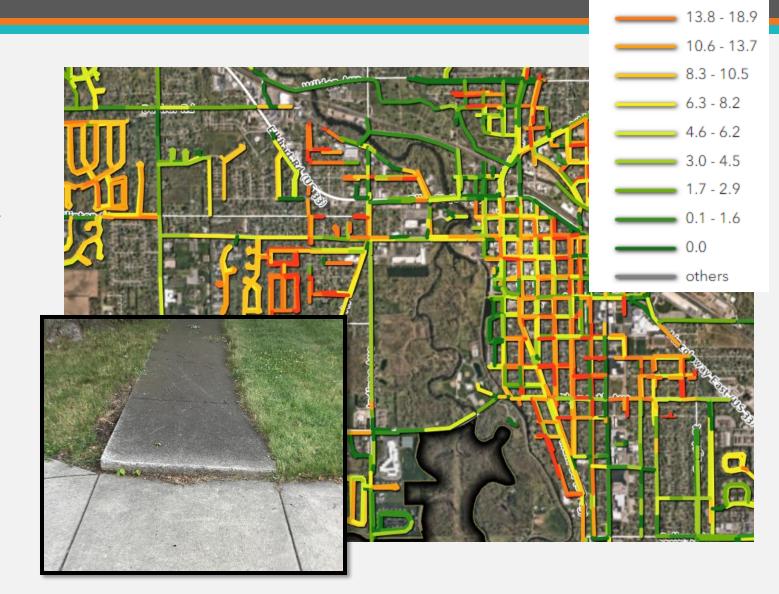
Sidewalk

2024 Inventory

- 57.8 Miles of Sidewalk
- More than 2,500 trip hazards identified
- Around \$1 million to address all trip hazards

Next Step

- Work with community partners to prioritize routes
- Gap analysis, repair prioritization, and more



Sidewalk Segments

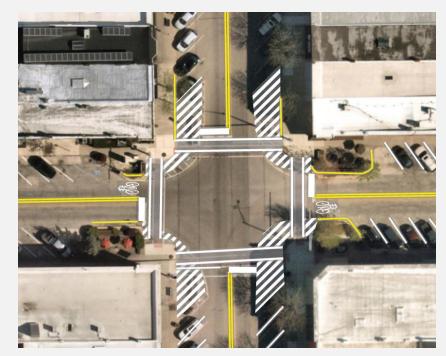
Weighted Score

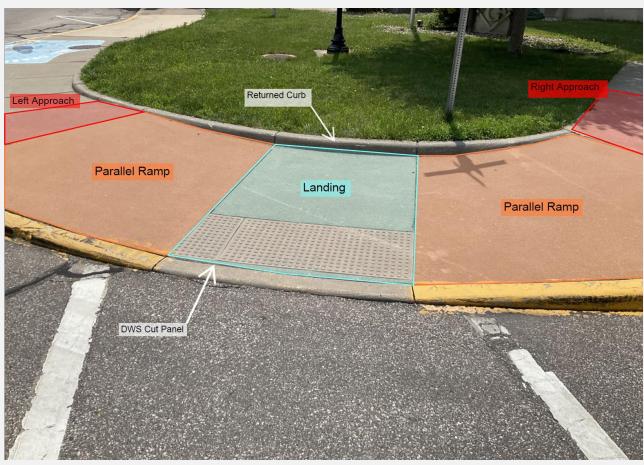
19.0 - 50.6

Pavement Markings & Curb Ramps

Ongoing Inventory Effort

- 269 curb ramps inventoried this summer of 1,628
- Pavement Markings



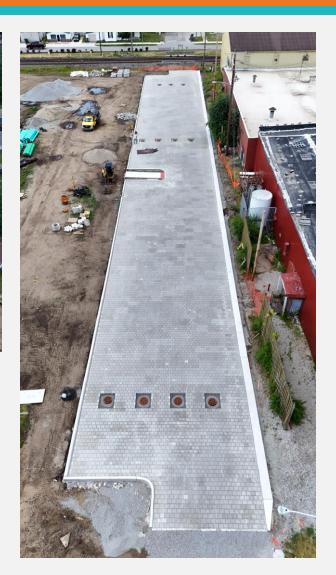


Cost

• Approximately \$4,300,000.00

• Full Corridor Project



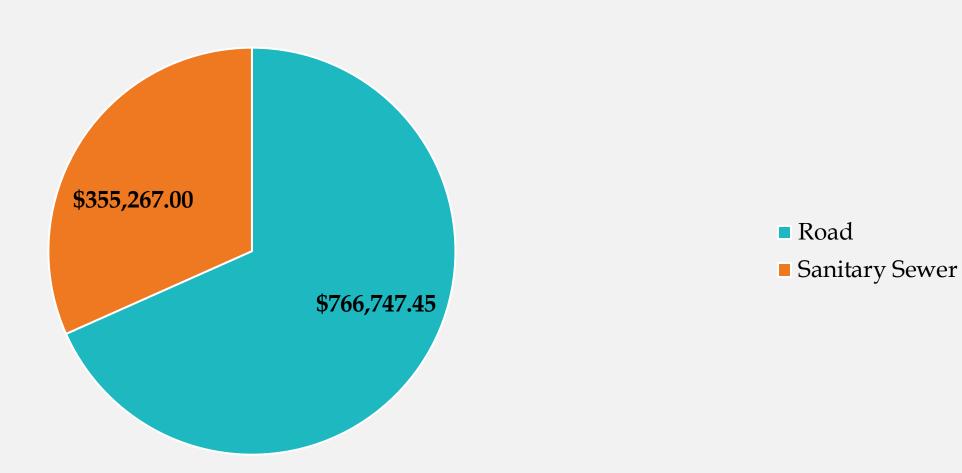




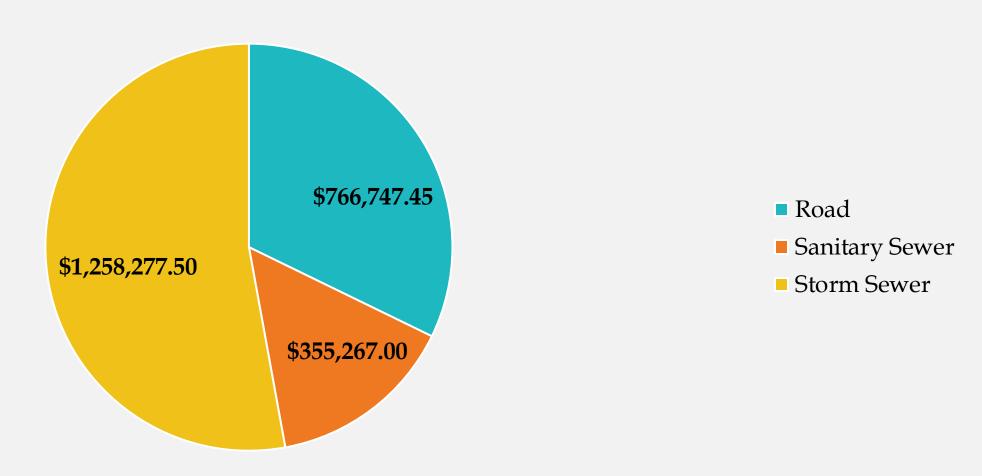


Road

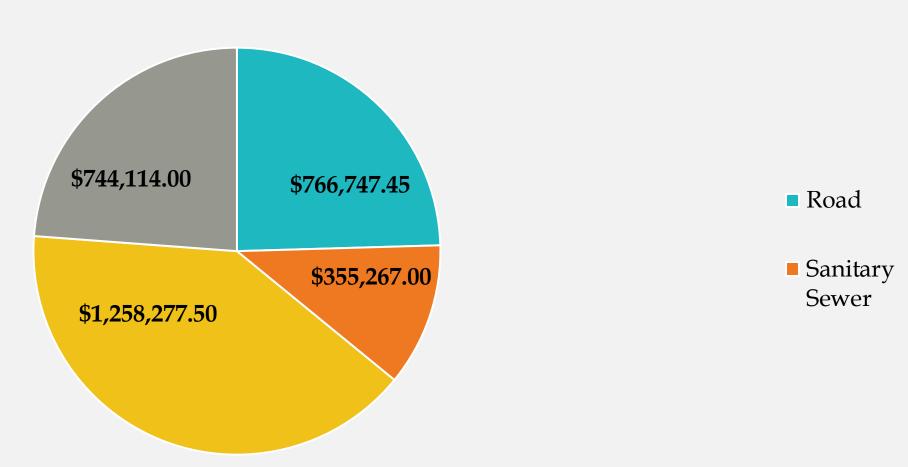




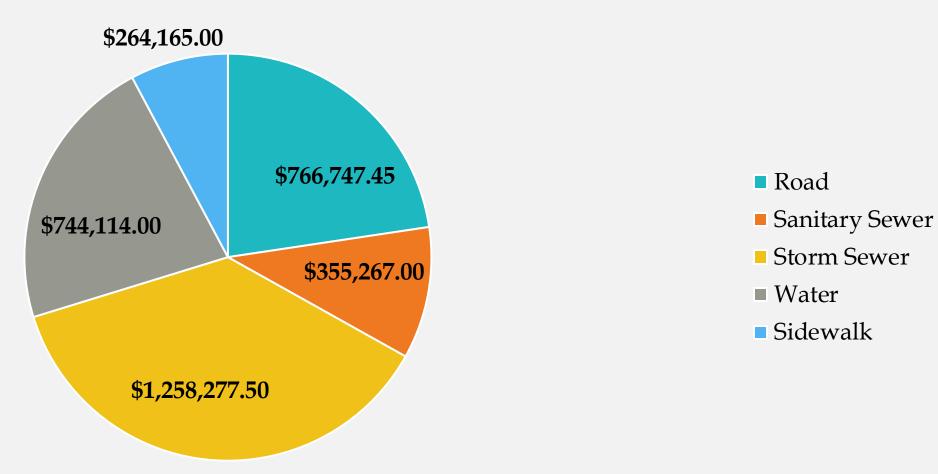




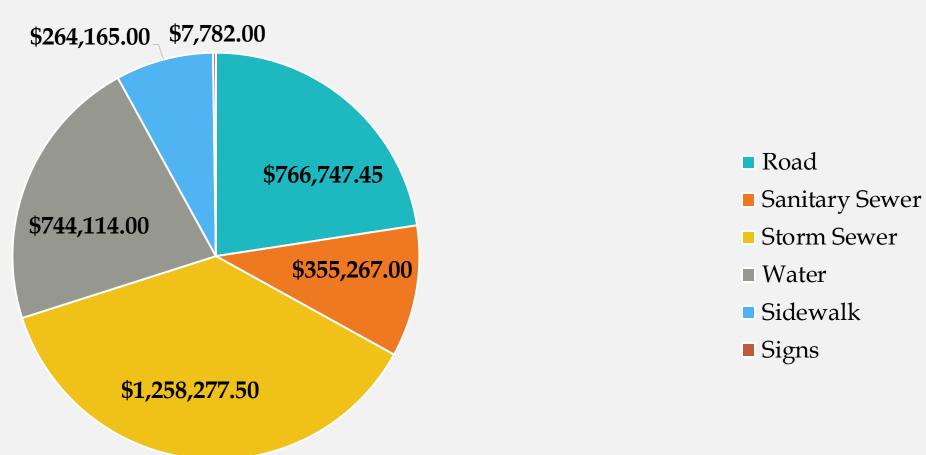




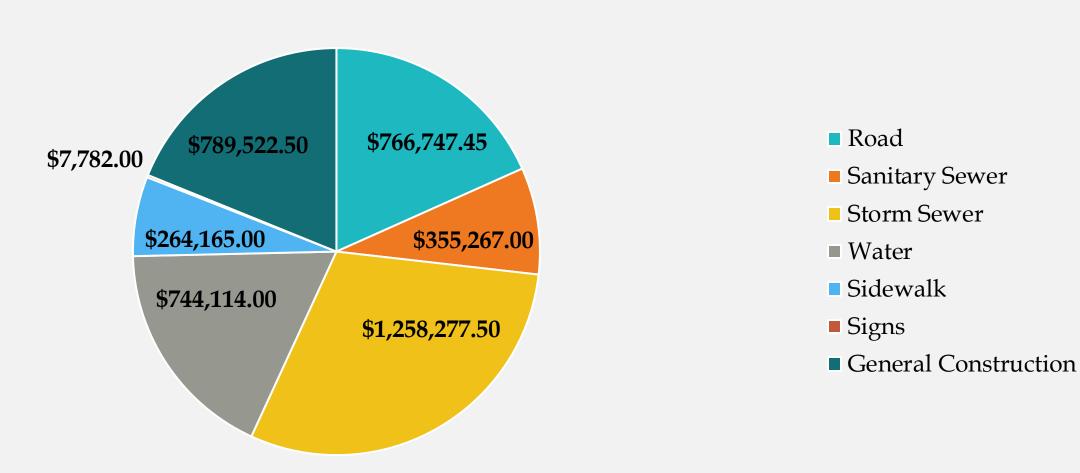








10th Street Reconstruction



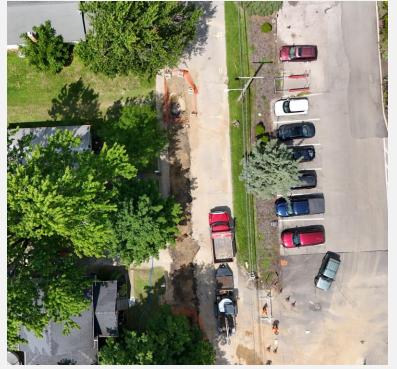


Case Study = Denver (the "scramble")

Hydrant Hit

Major Watermain Break

Significant Roadway Repairs



Infrastructure	Fund (s)	Cost
Asphalt Material Only	Civil/Streets	\$91,240.50
Water Main Material	Utility Rates	\$83,075
Water Services	Utility Rates	\$7,825
Sidewalk	Civil/Streets	\$2,400
Sanitary Sewer	Utility Rates	\$10,820
Stormwater Drainage	Stormwater Fee	\$7,900
Other/General	Civil/Streets/Utility Rates	\$21,702.50

Meeting Our Transportation Needs

- Roads are deteriorating faster than current funding supports
- Supporting and active transit assets also have maintenance deficits
- We are using data to evaluate our methods and use data-driven decisions that maximize our outcomes per dollar
- Our funding options are currently maxed out

What we need

- \$2,000,000.00
 - Our PASER score decreases to 3.34 in 5 years
- \$3,230,000.00
 - We can hold PASER score steady at 4.26
- \$7,000,000.00
 - We can maintain our entire roadway network and increase PASER score to 6.22 in 5 years
- Currently, we have no dedicated funding for active transit assets

Discussion

• What infrastructure condition is Goshen willing to live with?

- What investment balance do you want to see between active transit and roadway assets?
- Where do we get more money? How do we meet our condition goals and needs?

Additional Revenue Options

Local wheel tax

• Environmental fee

Local food and beverage tax